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## Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2016

### Aerodynamics – I

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

**Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.**

#### PART – A

- 1 a. Derive 3D continuity equation for incompressible flow. (10 Marks)  
b. Explain briefly Mach number regimes with relevant sketches of flow over an airfoil and derive an expression for compressibility. (10 Marks)
- 2 a. Define following with relevant expressions.  
i) Path line ii) streamline iii) Streak line iv) Angular velocity v) Circulation. (10 Marks)  
b. Derive the integral form of continuity equation, according to control volume approach. (10 Marks)
- 3 a. Explain geometrical parameters of airfoil and wing geometry with neat sketch. (10 Marks)  
b. Consider NACA 2412 airfoil with a chord of 0.64m in an airstream at standard sea level condition. The free stream velocity is 70m/s. The lift per unit span is 1254 N/m. Calculate the angle of attack and Drag per unit span [at  $C_L = 0.65$ ,  $\alpha = 4^\circ$ ] where  $C_D = 0.0068$ . (10 Marks)
- 4 a. Derive momentum equation and hence deduce Bernoulli's equation and state its application. (06 Marks)  
b. Define :  
i) Sink  
ii) Source  
iii) Doublet (04 Marks)  
c. Consider an airfoil at sea level condition with free stream velocity of 50m/s. At a given point on the airfoil, the pressure is  $0.9 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$ . Calculate the velocity at that point (Assume standard sea level  $P_\infty = 1.23 \text{ kg/m}^3$  and  $P_\infty = 1.01 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$ ) (10 Marks)

#### PART – B

- 5 a. Explain D'Alembert's Paradox and Kutta Joukourki theorem. (05 Marks)  
b. An aircraft has a wing span of 10m and chord of 2m. Calculate the surface area of the wing (s) and also calculate the magnitude of moment acting on the wing when  $V_\infty = 100 \text{ m/s}$ . [Assume  $P_{\text{sealevel}} = 1.23 \text{ kg/m}^3$  &  $C_m = 0.7$ ] (05 Marks)  
c. Lifting flow over a cylinder obtain expression for the following  
i) Stream function  $\psi$   
ii) Location of stagnation point ' $\theta$ '  
iii) Pressure co-efficient ' $C_p$ '  
Also explain with a sketch the location of stagnation points for different values of ' $\Gamma$ '. (10 Marks)



- 6 a. Briefly explain the following with a neat sketch and relevant expression
- Kelvin's circulation theorem
  - Thin Airfoil theory and prove  $C_L = 2\pi\alpha$ . (10 Marks)
- b. Consider a thin flat plate of  $6^\circ$  angle of attack. Calculate i) Lift co-efficient ii) Momentum co-efficient about leading edge. iii) Moment co-efficient about quarter chord point. (10 Marks)
- 7 a. Derive:
- Displacement Thickness
  - Momentum Thickness
  - Energy Thickness. (10 Marks)
- b. Consider a flat plate at zero angle of attack in an airflow at standard sea level condition ( $\rho_\infty = 1.01 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$  and  $T_\infty = 288 \text{ K}$ ). The chord length of the plate is 2 m. The platform area of the plate is  $40 \text{ m}^2$ . At standard sea level condition  $\mu_\infty = 1.7894 \times 10^{-5} \text{ kg/m (s)}$ . Assume the wall temperature is adiabatic wall temperature  $T_{aw}$ . Calculate the friction drag on the plate when free stream velocity is 100m/s. (10 Marks)
- 8 a. Sketch neatly open circuit wind tunnel and explain its operations. Mention the advantages of open circuit wind Tunnel. (10 Marks)
- b. List the various methods of visualization techniques at low speed and high speed wind Tunnel. (02 Marks)
- c. With neat sketch, explain in detail the smoke and tuft flow visualization techniques in wind tunnel. (08 Marks)

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